#### - MODULE BlockGeneration -

Block generation specifies when and how braidpool miners generate blocks. Block generation captures how coinbase and UHPO transactions are or updated. The protocol to build current pool key and threshold signatures is assumed

## EXTENDS

TLC, Sequences, Integers, DAG, FiniteSets

#### CONSTANT

Miner,	Set of miners
ShareSeqNo,	Share seq numbers each miner generates
BlockReward,	Block reward in a difficulty period
GenesisShare	

#### VARIABLES

$TODO\colon$ Replace these last $*$ variables with operators on $DAG$		.*variables with operators on $DAG$
	$last\_sent,$	Function mapping miner to last sent share $seq_n$
	$share\_dag,$	A DAG with valid shares for now implemented as a set
	stable,	Set of shares that are stable in the DAG, i.e. received
		by all other miners
	$unpaid\_coinbases,$	coinbases for braidpool blocks that
		haven t been paid yet
	uhpo,	Function mapping miner to unpaid balance
	$pool\_key,$	Current public key for $TS$
	chain	chain of bitcoin blocks

Share is a record of miner and sequence number. All shares are assumed to be mined at same difficulty

Share  $\stackrel{\Delta}{=}$  [miner : Miner, seq\_no : ShareSeqNo]

PublicKey is defined as the set of miner identifiers for now. As miners join/leave the network, the public key immediately changes The protocol to rotate the threshold signature public key is not speced here.

 $PublicKey \stackrel{\Delta}{=} Miner$ 

Coinbase is a payment to a DKG public key with an value.

 $CoinbaseOutput \triangleq [scriptPubKey : Miner, value : BlockReward]$ 

 $CoinbaseTx \triangleq [inputs : \langle \rangle, outputs : \langle CoinbaseOutput \rangle]$ 

 $No Val \stackrel{\Delta}{=} 0$ 

## Init $\triangleq$

TypeInvariant  $\triangleq$ 

 $\land last\_sent \in [Miner \to Int \cup \{NoVal\}]$  $\land share\_dag.node \in \text{SUBSET Share}$  $\land share\_dag.edge \in \text{SUBSET (Share \times Share)}$  $\land stable \in \text{SUBSET Share}$  $\land unpaid\_coinbases \in \text{SUBSET CoinbaseOutput}$  $\land uhpo \in [Miner \to \text{SUBSET Share}]$  $\land pool\_key \in \text{SUBSET Miner}$  $\land chain \in Seq(Share)$ 

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vars \triangleq \langle last\_sent, share\_dag, stable, unpaid\_coinbases, uhpo, pool\_key, chain \rangle
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Send a share from a miner with a seqno =last share sent +1 and in ShareSeqNo. The share is assumed to be successfully broadcast to all miners.

 $\begin{aligned} SendShare(m, sno) &\triangleq \\ &\wedge sno = last\_sent[m] + 1 \\ &\wedge last\_sent' = [last\_sent \ \texttt{EXCEPT} \ ![m] = @ + 1] \\ &\wedge share\_dag' = [share\_dag \ \texttt{EXCEPT} \end{aligned}$   $\begin{aligned} & \text{Add share to node list of graph} \\ &! .node = @ \cup \{[miner \mapsto m, \ seq\_no \mapsto sno]\}, \\ & \text{Add edge from share to all non } NoVal \ last\_sent} \end{aligned}$   $\begin{aligned} & \text{This can be replaced by last share in } DAG \ \text{from others} \\ &! .edge = @ \cup \\ & \{[miner \mapsto m, \ seq\_no \mapsto sno]\} \\ &\times \\ & \{[miner \mapsto m, \ seq\_no \mapsto sno]\} \\ &\times \\ & \{[miner \mapsto m, \ seq\_no \mapsto last\_sent[mo]] : \\ & mo \in \{mm \in Miner : \ last\_sent[mm] \neq NoVal\}\}] \\ &\wedge \text{UNCHANGED } \langle stable, \ unpaid\_coinbases, \ uhpo, \ pool\_key, \ chain \end{aligned}$ 

Stabilise a share if there is a path from the share to any share from all other miners.

How do we know all other miners? This comes from a separate protocol where a miner is dropped from the set of all other miners.

Miners are dropped from the list if they have not sent shares since the last bitcoin block was found. For now, we assume the list of to the group of miners is known.

 $StabiliseShare(s) \stackrel{\Delta}{=}$ 

 $\land s \notin stable$ 

 $\begin{array}{l} \land \forall m \in Miner \setminus \{s.miner\} : \\ \exists p \in SimplePath(share\_dag), \\ i \in 1 \dots Cardinality(share\_dag.node), \\ j \in 1 \dots Cardinality(share\_dag.node) : \\ \land Len(p) > 1 \\ \land i < j \\ \land j \leq Len(p) \\ \land p[i].miner = s.miner \\ \land p[j].miner = m \\ \land stable' = stable \cup \{s\} \\ \land UNCHANGED \ (last\_sent, share\_dag, unpaid\_coinbases, uhpo, pool\_key, chain \rangle \end{array}$ 

On receiving a bitcoin block miners create a new new bitcoin block they are mining on.

Miners have to create a new coinbase transaction. However, the  $U\!HPO$  transaction remains the same.

 $ReceiveBitcoinBlock \stackrel{\Delta}{=}$ 

A miner on braidpool finds a new bitcoin block

- 1. Include the miner in the *pool\_key*
- 2. Update UHPO payout miners and amount

Some miners can send shares with the old block

### $FoundBitcoinBlock(share) \stackrel{\Delta}{=}$

# $Next \stackrel{\Delta}{=}$

 $Liveness \triangleq \forall s \in share\_dag.node : WF_{vars}(StabiliseShare(s) \lor FoundBitcoinBlock(s))$ 

 $Spec \stackrel{\Delta}{=}$ 

 $\land Init \\ \land \Box [Next]_{vars}$